

Database Programming with SQL

9-1: Using GROUP BY and HAVING Clauses

Practice Activities

Objectives

- Construct and execute a SQL query using GROUP BY
- Construct and execute a SQL query using GROUP BY ... HAVING
- Construct and execute a GROUP BY on more than one column
- Nest group functions

Vocabulary

Identify the vocabulary word for each definition below.

Used to specify which groups are to be displayed; restricts groups that do not meet group criteria
Divides the rows in a table into groups

Try It / Solve It

١.		query shown below, which of the following is true about this query? Kimberly Grant would not appear in the results set.
	a.	Transcriy Grant would not appear in the results set.
	b.	The GROUP BY clause has an error because the manager_id is not listed in the SELECT clause.
	C.	Only salaries greater than 16001 will be in the result set.
	d.	Names beginning with Ki will appear after names beginning with Ko.
	e.	Last names such as King and Kochhar will be returned even if they don't have salaries > 16000.

SELECT last_name, MAX(salary)
FROM employees
WHERE last_name LIKE 'K%'
GROUP BY manager_id, last_name
HAVING MAX(salary) >16000
ORDER BY last_name DESC;

- 2. Each of the following SQL queries has an error. Find the error and correct it. Use Oracle Application Express to verify that your corrections produce the desired results.
 - a. SELECT manager_id FROM employees WHERE AVG(salary) <16000 GROUP BY manager_id;
 - b. SELECT cd_number, COUNT(title)FROM d_cdsWHERE cd_number < 93;
 - c. SELECT ID, MAX(ID), artist AS Artist FROM d_songs WHERE duration IN('3 min', '6 min', '10 min') HAVING ID < 50 GROUP by ID;
 - d. SELECT loc_type, rental_fee AS Fee FROM d_venues
 WHERE id <100
 GROUP BY "Fee"
 ORDER BY 2;
- 3. Rewrite the following query to accomplish the same result:

SELECT DISTINCT MAX(song_id) FROM d_track_listings WHERE track IN (1, 2, 3);

- 4. Indicate True or False
 - a. If you include a group function and any other individual columns in a SELECT clause, then each individual column must also appear in the GROUP BY clause.
 b. You can use a column alias in the GROUP BY clause.
 - c. The GROUP BY clause always includes a group function.
 - _____ c. The encor by clause always includes a group function.
- 5. Write a query that will return both the maximum and minimum average salary grouped by department from the employees table.
- 6. Write a query that will return the average of the maximum salaries in each department for the employees table.